

## SHED SHOOK'S IDEA OF IT.

COLB AS SPEAKER AND BLAINE AS THE BIGGEST AMERICAN STATESMAN.

Of the opinion that Gen. Husted has no show and that the Bold Eagle knows it—law for President of the Senate—He believes, also, that Blaine could defeat Cleveland on the tariff question.

"So you wish to know my opinion relative to the organization of the next Legislature?" exclaimed Mr. Sheridan Shook at the Morton House this morning. "Well, I will tell you frankly that I have not bothered myself about thinking of who is to be President pro tempore of the Senate or Speaker of the Assembly."

"I have no interest whatever in the organization of the incoming Legislature, although I see that interviews with me are constantly appearing in the newspapers. It is funny" (laughing) "the way I am being quoted."

"You see I know a great many of the newspaper boys, and I meet them very often. They often interchange opinions with me, but as far as being interviewed recently on Albany matters is concerned I must say that I do not remember having been regularly interviewed."

"Sometimes I express my opinion to politicians and they quote me for newspaper men, and the first thing I know I see myself in print as the authority for certain statements."

"But you have an opinion upon almost the organization of the next Legislature?"

"I have formed an opinion as a casual observer and on what I have heard. If you want my opinion you can have it."

"What is it, Mr. Shook?"

"Why, I think that Gen. Husted will be elected President pro tempore of the Senate and Fremont Cole, of Schuylers, Speaker of the Assembly."

"Then you think that Gen. Husted will not be re-elected Speaker?"

"Now, would you be surprised if I told you that I do not believe that Gen. Husted's name will be mentioned in the caucus? Really I do not believe that Gen. Husted has any chance, and I believe he knows it."

"You supported him last January for Speaker?"

"So did a good many who are not supporting him this time. As I told you before, I am not interested for or against any man for Speaker. All I know is that Mr. Cole appears to have a large majority of the Assemblymen elect in his favor."

"Have you seen Gen. Husted lately?"

"He stopped in here yesterday and chatted with me for a few minutes. Oh, yes, he seems to be confident that he will be re-elected in 1888 when he was defeated by Erwin."

"Brushing aside Republican State politics, Mr. Shook remarked: 'There was a great message on the tariff question that Mr. Blaine has given to the American people.'"

"Do you think so?"

"No, and it shows Mr. Blaine to be just what he is—the greatest living American statesman. His opinions and views have knocked President Cleveland's message on the tariff question all to pieces."

"I am not certain, however, that Mr. Blaine will be the next President. He can defeat President Cleveland on the tariff question."

## NEW THEATRE FOR BOSTON.

Messrs. Abbey and Schofield Have Selected a Site and Will Soon Build.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)

Boston, Dec. 9.—Since Lottia decided to place her brothers in control of the Park Theatre at the expiration of the lease held by Messrs. Abbey and Schofield, these managers have been looking for a site for a new theatre in this city. They have been successful in their search, have bonded all the property needed, and will have a fine theatre in a central location in time for occupancy as soon as they give up the Park Theatre.

The writer has seen the plan of location, and a better site it would be almost impossible to obtain in this city. It would be easy for the managers to comply with the law regulating the building of theatres, as they will have exits and entrances on three streets.

The contracts for building, etc., have not yet been awarded, but the managers intend to build a house larger than the Park Theatre. There will be many novel features in the design of the building, and it will be one of the handsomest places of amusement in this country if the present plans are carried out.

The new theatre will be run as a combination house and will be first-class in every respect.

## HAYLIN WANTS TO FIGHT.

His Backer Deposits \$200 Forfeit for a Battle with Weir or Warren.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)

Boston, Dec. 9.—Mr. T. F. O'Rourke, backer for Jack Haylin, the well-known feather-weight, called at the Herald office yesterday afternoon and, after depositing \$200, said:

"This money I wish to post as a forfeit for a match with the winner of the Weir-Warren battle which takes place at Minneapolis next Wednesday. I also wish to have a challenge read from the ring when the fight takes place so the public can be satisfied if a reply is not received that the winner is Jack Haylin."

"In case the battle is declared a draw, my challenge is open to either or both men. If either objects to my propositions, which are for a fight to a knock-out, ten-round, or two-round gloves, for the gate receipts or \$1,000 a side, then I am open to accept any fair agreement they may wish to offer."

"I don't want to fight on a stage in the way of a battle. It was my intention to fight a battle with Haylin, and there try to get on a match, but business necessities may prevent me from doing so, unless I am assured that a fight can be arranged."

## Opposed to Free Trade.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—At a meeting held to advocate free trade, in St. James's Hall to-day, Mr. Howard Vincent, Conservative member of Parliament, asserted that a majority of the Conservative party favored free trade as a necessity, in order to find employment for the increasing population. He said that other nations used free trade to the advantage of England. Resolutions were subsequently adopted favoring moderate import duties and urging a modification of the free trade policy.

**Charged With Stealing Diamonds.**

Solution House, of 116 East Thirty-fourth street, who was arrested on a charge of stealing \$1,500 worth of diamonds and jewelry from Frederick Worth of 129 Broadway, was held by Justice O'Reilly in the Tombs Police Court this morning. The man, who is named as John J. O'Connor, was charged with the theft of the diamonds, of little value, but which were valued at \$1,500. The man was charged with the theft of the diamonds, of little value, but which were valued at \$1,500. The man was charged with the theft of the diamonds, of little value, but which were valued at \$1,500.

**O'Connor Got the Worst of It.**

Henry O'Connor, the ex-park policeman, of 198 Morton street, who was arrested last night on a charge of assault on Park Policeman Henry Dwyer, was arraigned in the Tombs Police Court this morning. Dwyer said that he was followed by O'Connor and assaulted. The officer failed to show any mark of violence, except a slight tear in the uniform. O'Connor, on the contrary, had both eyes swollen, a bruised nose and other injuries, which he (Dwyer) had inflicted with fist and club. Several witnesses gave evidence in favor of the prisoner and he was discharged.

## DOHERTY CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Evidence as to How the Shooting of the Late "Col." Graham Occurred.

(SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE WORLD.)

LONDON, Dec. 8.—Doherty, who shot Graham, was arraigned at the Bow Street Police Court to-day on a charge of murder. The detectives here declare that the Doherty under trial is not the Doherty described by Inspector Byrne. In representing the case against the prisoner the counsel for the prosecution summed up as follows:

"How was holding the bank during a game of cards at the Churchill Club, and the prisoner took to him \$200. As he was unable to pay the money an arrangement was made to meet at the Bodog, in Regent street, for the purpose of settling."

How accordingly went to the Bodog on the 21st. There he found Graham. Shortly afterwards the prisoner entered and a conversation ensued between him and How as to the payment of the \$200. The prisoner flatly refused to pay, saying that the claim could not be enforced in this country. The prisoner and Graham then went away to the Criterion bar. How, who had practically abandoned his claim to the \$200, followed them to the Criterion, where he saw the prisoner and Graham sitting at a table. The prisoner renewed the demand about the \$200, using offensive and violent language and doing everything he could to force a quarrel on How, who, however, insisted that the matter between them should be forgotten. Graham called to How to come to the table where the latter was drinking. The prisoner followed him to the table and renewed the demand about the \$200. He rose up in his seat, but Graham pushed him back, saying: 'We don't want any row or fuss here.' The superintendent of the bar intervened and eventually Graham and the prisoner left together to go to Woburn place to dine. The servant while carrying in the dinner noticed that the prisoner was sitting in a chair near the fireplace, while Graham was sitting in another chair with his back to the window. She did not see the prisoner exchange a single word, but she noticed that the prisoner looked very strange. She heard shortly afterwards the report of a pistol, and Mrs. Doherty crying in a tone of fright. Mrs. Doherty then opened the door and the girl heard some shouting going on. The struggle then ceased and there was silence for four or five minutes. No alarm was given by Graham or the prisoner. Graham walked slowly towards the dining-room. He said that he was shot, and a doctor was sent for. The servant and the page boy, from their positions in the hall, saw the prisoner leaning over the banisters looking into the hall and listening. Five or seven minutes afterwards he walked slowly downstairs and went into the dining-room. Directly he saw the prisoner Graham said: 'It was an accident. The prisoner said, 'Yes, it was,' without making any excuses. The doctor arrived, and eventually Graham was conveyed to the University Hospital. The counsel for the prosecution concluded by referring to the statements made by the deceased before he died. He was conscious until his death, and made no correction in the statement, either in substance or in language."

Joseph Howe, of New York, now residing in Maryland road, deposed that he knew the deceased. He was a sportsman and was in the country in October. Prior to his arrival the witness had been introduced to the prisoner. The witness's evidence confirmed the counsel's statement as to what transpired in reference to the debt of \$200. The prisoner had been drinking but the witness did not consider that he was drunk. His manner in the bar was rather offensive. Later in the night the witness went to the University Hospital and saw Graham. He was conscious and sensible. He saw him twice after that. The other evidence given corroborated this general story. No motive for shooting was shown."

## RIDDLEBERGER'S SUCCESSOR.

President John S. Harbour, of the Virginia Midland Road, Selected in Caucus.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 8.—A caucus of Democratic members of the General Assembly, held to-night nominated by acclamation John S. Harbour, of the United States Senate, to succeed Senator Riddleberger, whose term will expire March 4, 1888. The caucus also nominated the following State officers: For Secretary of the Commonwealth, Henry W. Flournoy; for Auditor of Public Accounts, Morton Mayer; for Second Auditor, F. G. Ruffin; for Treasurer, A. W. Hartman; for Superintendent of Penitentiary, W. W. Moore; for State Engineer, Capt. J. H. Bannan, of this city, was nominated for Public Printer vice A. H. Micon, and Thos. H. Whitehead, of Lynchburg, for Commissioner of Agriculture vice Randolph Harrison.

The Republican organization in this State, however, made no nomination for any of the offices. It is understood that Gen. Maubou will be complimented with the nomination for United States Senator and that Senator Riddleberger will get some votes in caucus.

John S. Harbour comes of an old Virginia family, many members of which have attained distinction in the public service. He was born in Culpeper county, Va., in 1828, and graduated at the University of Virginia. In 1847, while practicing law in his native county, he was elected to the Virginia House of Delegates, and served two sessions. In 1852 he was elected President of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company, and continued in that position until 1857, when he resigned during the civil war, but he did not enter the Confederate service. He was a member of the Forty-seventh, Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Congresses and declined re-election to the Fiftieth. For nearly ten years he has been the head of the Democratic organization in this State, and his popularity is largely due to his successful campaigns against Senator Mahone. Mr. Harbour is a man of fine presence and courteous manners and is a fluent speaker.

**ARE THE EXILES SETTLING FOR LIFE?**

The Beedlers Investing Their Spare Cash in Canadian Property.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)

MONTREAL, Dec. 8.—For some months it has been an open secret that some kind of a deal was to be worked at the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Windsor Hotel, and what has been known as Beedler ticket people have been quietly gathering about the hotel until at last they have got control. The first effect of the change was the retirement of Col. Beedler, under whose management the hotel has been conducted very successfully for two years.

This afternoon when the names of the principal shareholders were published a good deal of surprise was manifested when it was discovered that John Keenan, of Lake Shore boulevard, was one of the names. In fact there are only half a dozen capitalists who own more than he does. This, however, is only a part of Keenan's investment, as it has been understood for some time that he has been quietly buying up valuable real estate in the fashionable districts of Montreal.

It is difficult to get any direct information, but those who pretend to know say the properties which he has bought are of the highest quality, and he is exceedingly valuable in the real estate market. He has been buying up the property of the Windsor Hotel, and he is now in a position to take over the management of the hotel.

There is a rumor that a fashionable restaurant is to be started by one of the exiles, but this lacks confirmation and is hardly probable.

**The New Chief of the Cherokee Nation.**

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Dec. 8.—The seating of Mr. As principal chief has surrounded the National leaders. Many, who have assumed the office, are exercising all its functions. The Nationals will not acknowledge their defeat. They have a majority of the Cherokee Nation, but even if certain districts which voted at the election are true, it is not clear that the Nationals will be able to elect a majority of the Cherokee Nation. Without waiting for the count, many have taken possession. He will retain the place by force means if necessary. Many in the one-quarter Cherokee, a well educated, liberal and progressive.

## CHANGES IN HOUSE RULES.

MOST OF YESTERDAY'S SESSION DEVOTED TO THEIR INTRODUCTION.

Mr. Springer's Proposition to Abolish the Committee on Pacific Railroads, Invalid Penalties, Millage, Militia and Miscellaneous River Improvements—Clark Clark's Report on Contested Election Cases in the House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The Speaker laid before the House to-day the annual reports of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney-General and of the Chief of the House.

The Committee on Millage was announced as follows: Mr. Rogers, of Arkansas; Mr. Howard, of Indiana; Mr. Burnett, of Massachusetts; Mr. Felton, of California, and Mr. Nelson, of New York.

Resolutions providing for the amendment of the rules of the House were offered as follows:

By Mr. Keary (Ky.).—To amend rule 21 by adding thereto the following: "And all general appropriation bills shall be reported to the House within sixty days after the appointment of standing committees at the first session, and within forty days after the commencement of the second session."

By Mr. Belmont (N. Y.).—To amend rule 22 so as to make privilege equally with appropriation bills measures for the reorganization and re-employment of expenditures in any branch of the Legislative, Executive or Judicial departments of the Government.

By Mr. Hurd (Wis.).—To amend rule 23 so as to require a member to be present within the hall of the House during the session, unless excused or necessarily prevented, and to vote on all votes put, and to be present on all bills and resolutions.

By Mr. Springer (Ill.).—To amend rule 10 so as to create a committee on the public health, to consist of three members, to be appointed by the House.

By Mr. Springer (Ill.).—To amend rule 20 so as to provide that the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union shall have the right to constitute a quorum to do business. Whenever the Committee of the Whole House shall rise and the chairman report the names of the absentees to the Committee of the Whole House, so as to amend paragraph 1 of the rules, so as to provide that the Committee of the Whole House shall have the right to constitute a quorum to do business.

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## CHICAGO, JUNE 19TH, 1888.

The Time and Place of the Next Republican Convention.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The Republican National Committee this evening decided upon Chicago as the city in which to hold the Convention of 1888, and June 19 as the date. The delegates from the City by the Lake are decidedly hilarious over the result and promise that the members of the Convention shall have reason to remember their reception and entertainment for many a day. The outcome of the competition among the leading cities of the Union for this honor is generally looked upon as a big victory for Blaine.

"Chicago," said a Western delegate this evening, "is the most enthusiastic Blaine city in the country, and the location of the convention in that city will give no little additional impetus to the boom of the Plumed Knight."

A member of the Cincinnati delegation said to-night that evidence of Chicago was the result of a telegram received by Steve Ekins from Mr. Blaine this afternoon, indicating his preference for that city. Up to the time of the appearance of Ekins in the committee room at 3 o'clock the Blaine element was believed to favor Philadelphia, but the delegate from New Mexico quickly passed the word, and on the third ballot Chicago was selected.

At 10 o'clock this morning the Arlington Hotel presented the appearance of a National Republican Convention headquarters. The delegations from Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Cincinnati, Philadelphia and Omaha were in full force, and the corridor and committee-rooms were filled with enthusiastic representatives of the cities competing for the honor of the next Republican Convention. Sitting about in quiet corners, spectators of the scene were Mr. Ekins, the delegate from Louisiana, ex-Secretary of the Interior, and a number of other prominent Republicans, whose faces have been familiar objects at the last half dozen Republican conventions. Among them were ex-Postmaster-General Tynner, Stephen R. Ekins, ex-Collector Worthington, ex-Commissioner of Internal Revenue Green B. Baum, Joseph Manly, formerly Postmaster at Augusta, Me., and Mr. Blaine's lieutenant, ex-Secretary Rehnish, ex-Secretary of the Interior, and a number of other prominent Republicans, whose faces have been familiar objects at the last half dozen Republican conventions.

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